1.0 Scope
This specification describes the basic performance requirements of the TUSONIX EMI/RFI surface mount Filters.

2.0 Capacitance
2.1 Measurement Conditions: Capacitance measured at 25°C±2°C, 50% max R.H. and Frequency of 1 KHz @ 1±0.2VRMS.
2.2 Capacitance Tolerance: Listed capacitances are minimum value at 25°C±2°C unless otherwise specified.

3.0 Insertion Loss
3.1 Measurement Conditions: Attenuations listed are measured in a 50Ω system at 25°C±2°C under no-load conditions (per MIL-STD-220).
3.2 Insertion Loss Tolerance: The attenuations listed are typical values under indicated conditions.
3.3 Listed insertion loss data is a measurement of filter performance in a matched 50Ω system. It is highly recommended that filter performance be verified under actual circuit operation conditions.

4.0 Operating Conditions
Filters are designed to operate continuously at the temperature, voltage and current stated for each TUSONIX part number. Operating temperature ranges are from -55°C to either 85°C or 125°C.

5.0 Dielectric Withstanding Voltage
Filters shall withstand three times the DC working voltage applied between either terminal and ground electrode.

6.0 Insulation Resistance
Measured at 25°C±2°C with 100Vdc and charging current limited to 50mA max. The IR after two minutes maximum shall be a minimum of 10,000 Megohms.

7.0 Packaging
Tape and reeled for auto placement.

NOTES:
REFERENCE EC-286-3 TYPE H AND ER-481-A TAPING OF SURFACE MOUNT COMPONENTS FOR AUTOMATIC PLACEMENT

Revised 9/01/01
**EMI/RFI Surface Mount π & C Filters for SMT Applications**

### Soldering Notes:
Surface Mount π & C Filters may be soldered to Printed Circuit Boards and substrates in a variety of methods: solder wave, hot air, oven soldering, vapor phase reflow, infrared soldering or immersion soldering.

Ceramic Components require careful soldering techniques to avoid the possible effects of thermal shock. These effects can be minimized by using a preheat process prior to soldering. Both time and temperature are important in the preheat cycle.

When using soldering irons, it is very important that the solder iron tip does not touch the ceramic body. The iron should be applied only to the termination solder fillet. The temperature of the soldering tip should be controlled to 500°F (260°C) max. Soldering should be achievable in 2-3 seconds. Recommended solder composition is 60% tin and 40% lead.

Failure to follow proper preheat and solder practices can result in thermal shock to the ceramic body which may be manifested as:
- Micro cracks in the ceramic body
- Electrical shorts
- Insulation resistance degradation in accelerated life test conditions.

All Surface Mount π & C Filters have nickel barrier, solder plated electrodes and are ideally suited for manufacturers who use various soldering techniques on a multitude of products. However, the amount of solder must be controlled to allow for adequate transfer of heat and mechanical stresses from the PCB to the Filter.

**Handling:**
Extreme care should be exercised when handling ceramic components. They should be treated as fragile components. Excessive force or direct impact to the dielectric may result in chips, cracks or breakage.

**Cleaning:**
Components should be cleaned immediately following the soldering operation to optimize flux removal conditions. Cleaning solutions should be kept clean to avoid contaminating the components. The user should consult the manufacturer’s Material Safety Data Sheets for specific handling details.

Excessive temperature differences or excessive agitation during cleaning may damage the filters.

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**Product Installation Recommendations for Surface Mount π & C Filters**

**Soldering Notes:**

- Surface Mount π & C Filters may be soldered to Printed Circuit Boards and substrates in various methods: solder wave, hot air, oven soldering, vapor phase reflow, infrared soldering or immersion soldering.
- Ceramic Components require careful soldering techniques to avoid thermal shock.
- When using soldering irons, the iron tip should not touch the ceramic body.
- Solder temperature should be controlled to 500°F (260°C) max.
- Recommended solder composition: 60% tin and 40% lead.

**Failure to follow proper preheat and solder practices can result in thermal shock to the ceramic body.**

**Handling:**
- Extreme care should be exercised when handling ceramic components.
- Components should be treated as fragile.

**Cleaning:**
- Components should be cleaned immediately following soldering.
- Cleaning solutions should be kept clean.
- Excessive temperature differences or agitation during cleaning may damage the filters.